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Frustration-aggression theory pdf

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The concept of aggression has been a dominant theme throughout human history, characterized by violent physical or verbal behavior intended to cause harm. This notion has been explored from different perspectives, with some theorizing it as an innate and instinctive tendency, while others view it as an acquired behavior. The frustration-aggression hypothesis, first proposed in the 1930s, suggests that unfulfilled desires or goals can lead to aggressive inclinations. According to this theory, frustrations generate aggressive tendencies proportional to the negative emotions they evoke. This concept has been extensively researched and applied across various fields, including psychology, sociology, criminology, and ethnology. Recent studies have further refined our understanding of aggression, highlighting the importance of anger as a mediator between physical and verbal aggression, hostility, and the need for individual component assessments. Furthermore, ongoing research continues to uncover the complexities of this phenomenon, shedding light on its underlying mechanisms and implications. References: Alam, Q. A. (2023). Frustration-Aggression: Revisited. International Journal of Scientific Research in Modern Science and Technology. Freud, S. (1930). Civilization and Its Discontents. Lorenz, K. (1966). On Aggression. Baron, R. A. (1977). Human Aggression. Berkowitz, L. (1969). Frustration-Aggression Hypothesis: An Examination of Assumptions. Buss, D. M. (1961). The Psychology of Aggression. Zillman, D. (1979). Aggression as a Function of Disinhibition and Arousal. Dollard, J., Doob, L. W., Miller, N. E., Mowrer, O. H., & Sears, R. R. (1939). Frustration-Aggression Hypothesis. Berkowitz, L. (1988). Ihe Frustration-Aggression Hypothesis. Kiewitz, C., & Weaver, J. (2007). Correlational Analysis of Aggression and Hostility. Breuer, J., & Elson, M. (2017). Nutzungsbedingungen: Dieser Text wird unter einer Deposit-Lizenz zur Verfügung gestellt. Geen, R. G. (1968). Frustration-Aggression Theory. When experiencing strong emotions, like frustration, people are more likely to act out aggressively. Most studies have focused on understanding what factors influence this connection between frustration and aggression, or try to find the middle ground between them. Even with these advancements, there's still a lot of evidence that shows how frustration can lead to aggressive behavior. Despite some slowdown in research on this topic, it's actually been used in new areas like studying people's reactions to media.